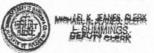
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1 TERRY GODDARD
The Attorney General

2 | Firm No. 14000

3 Christopher R. Houk State Bar No. 020843

4 Assistant Attorney General Civil Rights Division

5 1275 W. Washington St. Phoenix, Arizona 85007

6 Telephone: (602) 542-8606 civilrights@azag.gov

Attorneys for Plaintiff

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA

No.

CV2006-011089

10 THE STATE OF ARIZONA ex rel. TERRY GODDARD, the Attorney General, and THE CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION OF THE

CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION OF THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF LAW,

Plaintiff,

13 | vs.

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14 BANNON SPRINGS RANCH CHRISTIAN HEALTH CARE, INC., an Arizona

15 corporation; KENNETH ANDERSON, surviving trustee under THE KENNETH

16 AND MILDRED ANDERSON REVOCABLE TRUST, DATED

17 | SEPTEMBER 30, 1991, formerly dba BANNON SPRINGS RANCH CHRISTIAN

18 | HEALTH CARE, INC.;

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COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

(Nonclassified Civil)

THE KENNETH AND MILDRED 1 ANDERSON REVOCABLE TRUST, DATED SEPTEMBER 30, 1991, formerly 2 dba BANNON SPRINGS RANCH CHRISTIAN HEALTH CARE, INC., ABC 3 Corporation, 4 Defendants. 5 6 Plaintiff, the State of Arizona ex rel. Terry Goddard, the Attorney General, and 7 the Civil Rights Division of the Arizona Department of Law (collectively the "State"), 8 for its Complaint, alleges as follows: 9 10 11

INTRODUCTION

This is an action brought under the Arizona Civil Rights Act ("ACRA"), A.R.S. § 41-1401, et seq., to correct unlawful employment practices related to race and retaliation, to provide appropriate relief to aggrieved persons, and to vindicate the public interest. Specifically, the State brings this matter to redress the injury sustained by Kim Clark ("Ms. Clark") who was unlawfully discriminated against by Defendants.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- This court has jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1481(D). 1.
- Venue is proper in Maricopa County pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-401(17). 2.

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PARTIES

- 3. The Civil Rights Division of the Arizona Department of Law is an administrative agency established by A.R.S. § 41-1401 to enforce the provisions of the Arizona Civil Rights Act, A.R.S. § 41-1401 et seq.
- 4. The State brings this action on its own behalf and on behalf of Ms. Clark, an aggrieved person, who is Native American.
- 5. At all relevant times, Defendant BANNON SPRINGS RANCH
 CHRISTIAN HEALTH CARE, INC. ("Bannon Springs") was an Arizona corporation
 authorized to do business in the State of Arizona. Among other things, Bannon Springs
 owned and operated an assistive living facility.
- 6. At all relevant times, and, upon information and belief, Bannon Springs was owned by KENNETH ANDERSON, surviving trustee under THE KENNETH AND MILDRED ANDERSON REVOCABLE TRUST, DATED SEPTEMBER 30, 1991, formerly dba BANNON SPRINGS RANCH CHRISTIAN HEALTH CARE, INC., THE KENNETH AND MILDRED ANDERSON REVOCABLE TRUST, DATED SEPTEMBER 30, 1991, formerly dba BANNON SPRINGS RANCH CHRISTIAN HEALTH CARE, INC., or TBCS ENTERPRISES, LLC.
- 7. At all relevant times, Ms. Clark was an employee of Bannon Springs within the meaning of A.R.S. § 41-1461(3).

- 13. At all relevant times, Audrey Wilson ("Ms. Wilson") was Ms. Clark's supervisor.
- 14. On or about February 15, 2005, Ms. Clark complained to Ms. Wilson about the co-worker's remark.
- 15. Upon information and belief, Ms. Wilson did not conduct any investigation regarding Ms. Clark's complaint.
- 16. Approximately three months later, on or about May 11, 2005, Ms. Clark raised concerns to a Bannon Springs cook about the procedures the cook was following.

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At the time of Ms. Clark's termination, Bannon Springs did not have a

- 26. On or about July 25, 2005, Ms. Clark timely filed a complaint of employment discrimination with the State's Compliance Section in which she alleged she had been the victim of race discrimination and retaliation.
- 27. At the conclusion of its investigation, the State determined that there is reasonable cause to believe that Defendants discriminated against Ms. Clark because of her race, Native American, in violation of A.R.S. § 41-1463(B)(1) and by retaliating against her in violation of A.R.S. § 41-1464(A).
- 28. The State has or shall attempt to eliminate the unlawful practices alleged in the Reasonable Cause Determination and to effect voluntary compliance with the ACRA through conciliation pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1481(D) for a period of at least 30 days.
- 29. The State issued its Cause Finding on or about June 23, 2006, and since that time, the State, Ms. Clark, and Defendants have not entered into a Conciliation Agreement.

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

Count One

[Discrimination in Violation of the Arizona Civil Rights Act, A.R.S. § 41-1463(B)(1)]

30. The State re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained paragraphs 1 through 29 of this Complaint.

- an employer to discriminate against any individual with respect to their compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because of such individual's race. Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Clark in violation of
- As a result of Defendants' unlawful discrimination, Ms. Clark suffered monetary damages for which she should be compensated in an amount to be determined
- Further, as a result of Defendants' unlawful discrimination, the State is also

[Discrimination in Violation of the Arizona Civil Rights Act, A.R.S. § 41-1464(A)]

- The State re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained
- Under A.R.S. § 41-1464(A), it is an unlawful employment practice for an employer to discriminate against an employee because the employee has opposed any practice which is an unlawful employment practice under the ACRA.
- Ms. Clark opposed conduct which she reasonably perceived to be race 37. discrimination, prohibited by A.R.S. § 41-1463(B)(1), by complaining about the

conduct to Ms. Wilson.

- 38. Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Clark in violation of A.R.S. § 41-1464(A) by terminating her for opposing her co-worker's conduct.
- 39. As a result of Defendants' unlawful discrimination, Ms. Clark suffered monetary damages for which she should be compensated in an amount to be determined at trial pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1481(G).
- 40. Further, as a result of Defendants' unlawful retaliation, the State is entitled to injunctive relief under A.R.S. § 41-1481(G).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the State requests that this Court:

- 1. Enter a judgment on behalf of the State, finding that Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Clark because of her race in violation of A.R.S. § 41-1463(B)(1).
- 2. Enter a judgment on behalf of the State, finding that Defendants unlawfully discriminated against Ms. Clark by retaliating against her in violation of A.R.S. § 41-1464(A).
- 3. Enjoin Defendants, their successors, assigns, and all persons in active concert or participation with Defendants, from engaging in any employment practice that discriminates on the basis of sex or involves unlawful retaliation.

1	4.	Order Defendants to make Ms. Clark whole and award Ms. Clark damages
2	in an amount to be determined at trial.	
3	5.	Order the State to monitor Defendants' compliance with ACRA.
4	6.	Award the State its costs in monitoring Defendants' future compliance with
5	ACRA.	
6	7.	Order Defendants to institute and carry out policies, practices and programs
7	which provide equal employment opportunities for all employees of Defendants, and	
8	which erac	licate the effects of its present unlawful employment practices, including but
9	not limited to policy changes and training.	
10	8.	Order any affirmative relief as the Court deems necessary and proper in the
11	public inte	rest.
12	9.	Grant such further relief as the Court deems necessary and proper in the
13	public interest.	
14	DATED th	is 24th day of July 2006.
15		
16		TERRY GODDARD Attorney General
17		By Christoflur Houk
18		Christopher R. Houk Assistant Attorney General
19		Civil Rights Division Attorneys for the State